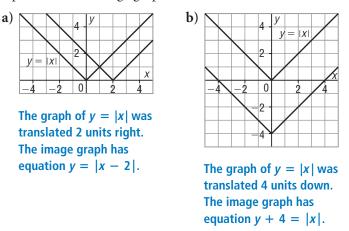
Lesson 3.1 Exercises, pages 169–175

Α

4. On each grid, the graph of y = |x| and its image after a single translation are shown. What was the translation? What is the equation of the image graph?



5. For each equation of a translation image, describe how the graph of y = f(x) was translated.

a) y = f(x - 7)b) y + 5 = f(x)Compare the equation to
y = f(x - h): h = 7Write y + 5 = f(x)
as y - (-5) = f(x). Compare the
equation to y - k = f(x): k = -5
So, the graph of y = f(x) was
translated 7 units right.

c) y = f(x + 6)Write y = f(x + 6) as y = f(x - (-6)). Compare the equation to y = f(x - h): h = -6So, the graph of y = f(x) was translated 6 units left. d) y - 4 = f(x)Compare the equation to y - k = f(x): k = 4So, the graph of y = f(x) was

- **6.** The graph of y = g(x) is translated as described below. Write the equation of each translation image in terms of the function *g*.
 - a) a translation of 3 units right

The translation is horizontal, so the equation of the image graph has the form y = g(x - h). The translation is 3 units right, so h = 3. The equation of the translation image is: y = g(x - 3)

b) a translation of 8 units down

The translation is vertical, so the equation of the image graph has the form y - k = g(x). The translation is 8 units down, so k = -8. The equation of the translation image is: y - (-8) = g(x), or y + 8 = g(x)

c) a translation of 9 units up

The translation is vertical, so the equation of the image graph has the form y - k = g(x). The translation is 9 units up, so k = 9. The equation of the translation image is: y - 9 = g(x)

d) a translation of 7 units left

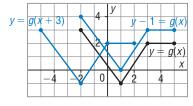
The translation is horizontal, so the equation of the image graph has the form y = g(x - h). The translation is 7 units left, so h = -7. The equation of the translation image is: y = g(x - (-7)), or y = g(x + 7)

В

7. Here is the graph of y = g(x). On the same grid, sketch the graph of each function below. State the domain and range of each function.

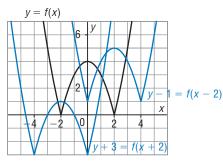
a) y - 1 = g(x)

Compare the equation to y - k = g(x): k = 1So, translate each point on the graph of y = g(x) 1 unit up. Both functions have the same domain: $-2 \le x \le 5$ The range of y = g(x) is: $-1 \le y \le 3$ The range of y - 1 = g(x) is: $0 \le y \le 4$



b)
$$y = g(x + 3)$$

Write y = g(x + 3) as y = g(x - (-3)). Compare the equation to y = g(x - h): h = -3So, translate each point on the graph of y = g(x) 3 units left. The domain of y = g(x) is: $-2 \le x \le 5$ The domain of y = g(x + 3) is: $-5 \le x \le 2$ Both functions have the same range: $-1 \le y \le 3$ **8.** Here is the graph of y = f(x). On the same grid, sketch the graph of each function below. State the domain and range of each function.



a)
$$y + 3 = f(x + 2)$$

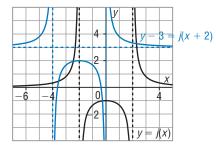
Write y + 3 = f(x + 2) as y - (-3) = f(x - (-2)). Compare the equation to y - k = f(x - h): h = -2 and k = -3Mark some lattice points on y = f(x). Translate each point 2 units left and 3 units down, then join the points with a smooth curve. Both functions have domain: $x \in \mathbb{R}$ The range of y = f(x) is: $y \ge 0$ The range of y + 3 = f(x + 2) is: $y \ge -3$

b) y - 1 = f(x - 2)

Compare the equation to y - k = f(x - h): h = 2 and k = 1Mark some lattice points on y = f(x). Translate each point 2 units right and 1 unit up, then join the points with a smooth curve. Both functions have domain: $x \in \mathbb{R}$ The range of y = f(x) is: $y \ge 0$ The range of y - 1 = f(x - 2) is: $y \ge 1$

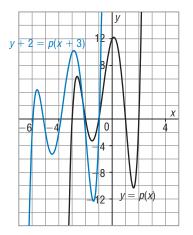
9. The point A(3, 7) lies on the graph of y = f(x). What are the coordinates of its image A' on the graph of y - 2 = f(x - 8)? How do you know?

Compare the equation y - 2 = f(x - 8) to y - k = f(x - h): h = 8 and k = 2So, each point on the graph of y = f(x) is translated 8 units right and 2 units up to create the graph of y - 2 = f(x - 8). So, the image of point A is A'(3 + 8, 7 + 2), or A'(11, 9). **10.** Here is the graph of y = i(x). On the same grid, sketch the graph of y - 3 = i(x + 2). Describe how the vertical and horizontal asymptotes are affected by the translations. What are the equations of the asymptotes of the image graph?



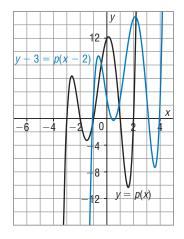
Compare y - 3 = j(x + 2) to y - k = i(x - h): h = -2 and k = 3So, translate the vertical asymptotes 2 units left and the horizontal asymptote 3 units up. Then sketch the graph of y-3 = i(x + 2) so that it is congruent to the graph of y = j(x). The equations of the vertical asymptotes are x = -4 and x = 0. The equation of the horizontal asymptote is y = 3.

- **11.** Use the graph of y = p(x) to sketch the graph of each function below.
 - a) y + 2 = p(x + 3)



Compare y + 2 = p(x + 3) to y-k=p(x-h): h = -3 and k = -2Mark some lattice points on y = p(x). Translate each point 3 units left and 2 units down. Draw a smooth curve through the points so that the image graph is congruent to the graph of y = p(x).

b)
$$y - 3 = p(x - 2)$$



4

Compare y - 3 = p(x - 2) to y - k = p(x - h): h = 2 and k = 3Mark some lattice points on y = p(x). Translate each point 2 units right and 3 units up. Draw a smooth curve through the points so that the image graph is congruent to

the graph of y = p(x).

12. The function y = f(x) has domain $-7 \le x \le 12$ and range $-1 \le y \le 10$. What are the domain and range of y + 8 = f(x - 3)?

Write y + 8 = f(x - 3) as y - (-8) = f(x - 3). Compare the equation to y - k = f(x - h): h = 3 and k = -8So, each point on the graph of y = f(x) is translated 3 units right and 8 units down to create the graph of y + 8 = f(x - 3). So, the image graph has domain: $-7 + 3 \le x \le 12 + 3$, or $-4 \le x \le 15$ and range: $-1 - 8 \le y \le 10 - 8$, or $-9 \le y \le 2$

13. Describe how the graph of $y = \sqrt{x}$ has been translated to create the graph of each function below. Use graphing technology to check.

a)
$$y = \sqrt{x - 1}$$

Compare $y = \sqrt{x - 1}$ to $y - k = \sqrt{x - h}$: h = 1 and k = 0So, the graph of $y = \sqrt{x - 1}$ is the graph of $y = \sqrt{x}$ after a translation of 1 unit right.

b) $y = \sqrt{x+4} - 2$

Write $y = \sqrt{x + 4} - 2$ as $y - (-2) = \sqrt{x - (-4)}$, then compare to $y - k = \sqrt{x - h}$: h = -4 and k = -2So, the graph of $y = \sqrt{x + 4} - 2$ is the graph of $y = \sqrt{x}$ after a translation of 4 units left and 2 units down.

14. The graph of $y = x^3$ is translated 5 units left and 3 units up. What is the equation of the image graph?

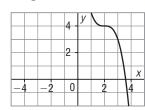
The equation of the image graph has the form $y - k = (x - h)^3$. h = -5 and k = 3So, the equation of the image graph is: $y - 3 = (x - (-5))^3$, or $y - 3 = (x + 5)^3$

15. The graph of $y = |x^2 - 2|$ is translated 2 units right and 7 units down. What is the equation of the image graph?

The equation of the image graph has the form $y - k = |(x - h)^2 - 2|$. h = 2 and k = -7So, the equation of the image graph is: $y - (-7) = |(x - 2)^2 - 2|$, or $y + 7 = |(x - 2)^2 - 2|$ **16.** The graph of y = f(x) has been translated to create the graphs below. Match each graph to its equation.

		4-	у		
		2			
		-		<i>\y</i> =	f(x)
-4	-2	0		2	4

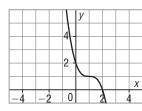
i) Graph A



ii) Graph B

		4 -	И				
		2 -					
						Ν	X
-4	-2	0		2	2		4

iii) Graph C



iv)	Graph	D
	Graph	~

					у				
				4 -					
				$\left \right $					_
				1					
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_4	1	-2	2			2	2	4	ļ.

a) y - 1 = f(x + 2)

Compare y - 1 = f(x - (-2)) to y - k = f(x - h): h = -2 and k = 1So, the graph of y = f(x) is translated 2 units left and 1 unit up. This corresponds to Graph D.

b) y - 1 = f(x - 2)

Compare y - 1 = f(x - 2) to y - k = f(x - h): h = 2 and k = 1So, the graph of y = f(x) is translated 2 units right and 1 unit up. This corresponds to Graph A.

c) y + 1 = f(x - 2)

Compare y - (-1) = f(x - 2) to y - k = f(x - h): h = 2 and k = -1So, the graph of y = f(x) is translated 2 units right and 1 unit down. This corresponds to Graph B.

d)
$$y + 2 = f(x - 1)$$

Compare y + 2 = f(x - 1) to y - k = f(x - h): h = 1 and k = -2So, the graph of y = f(x) is translated 1 unit right and 2 units down. This corresponds to Graph C.

- **17.** The graph of $f(x) = x^2 5x 6$ has zeros at -1 and 6.
 - a) The graph of y = f(x) is translated horizontally. Neither zero of the image graph is negative. What is the shortest possible translation?

A translation of 1 unit right would move the zero -1 to 0. So, the shortest possible translation is 1 unit right.

b) The graph of y = f(x) is translated horizontally. Neither zero of the image graph is positive. What is the shortest possible translation?

A translation of 6 units left would move the zero 6 to 0. So, the shortest possible translation is 6 units left.

С

18. The graph of $y = 2x^2 - 12x + 23$ is translated vertically so that its vertex lies on the *x*-axis. How could you use the discriminant to determine the translation? What is the translation?

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The equation of the translation image has the form y - k = 2x^2 - 12x + 23,
or y = 2x^2 - 12x + 23 + k.
The vertex lies on the x-axis when the value of the discriminant is 0.
In b^2 - 4ac, substitute: a = 2, b = -12, c = 23 + k
(-12)^2 - 4(2)(23 + k) = 0
144 - 8(23 + k) = 0
-8(23 + k) = -144
23 + k = 18
k = -5
So, the translation is 5 units down.
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